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From Saturday December 31. to Tuesday January 3. 1709.

Whitehall, December 30.

BY Order of the Right Honourable the Lords, and others, the Commiſſioners, for the poor Palatines, Notice is hereby given, That all Miniſters, Churchwardens, and others, who have any Mony in their Hands, collected on any Brief for Relief of the ſaid Palatines, and have not an Opportunity to return ſuch Brief with the Mony thereon collected, to the Collector who left the Brief with them, may return ſuch Brief, with the Mony collected thereon, to Henry Walker, Gent. who gives daily Attendance at Mr. Ward's, a Bookſeller, in the Inner Temple-Lane, and is impowered by the ſaid Commiſſioners to receive and give Diſcharges for the ſame.

H. Bendyſh.

St. James's, January 1. The humble Addreſs of the Lord-Lieutenant, Deputy-Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Clergy, Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of *Rutland*; was preſented to her Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord *Sherard*, Lord-Lieutenant of the ſaid County.

Which Addreſs Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Hague, January 10. *N. S.* Monſieur van Stocken hath given in his Credentials to the States-General, and is to reſide here as his Daniſh Majeſty's Secretary, until another Miniſter be ſent hither from Copenhagen. Count Lecheraine ſet out from hence on the 28th of the laſt Month, in order to return to Duſſeldorp; and Monſieur Stadian, the Chief Miniſter of the Elector of Mayence, arrived here on the 30th. Monſieur Duyvenvoorden hath been elected by the States-General to ſucceed the late Earl of Portland, in the Government of the City and Barony of Breda. The Earl of Stairs arrived here on the ſecond Inſtant from Great Britain; and Yeſterday proceeded on his Journey to the Court of King Auguſtus. Next Week the States of Holland and Weſt-Friezland are to reaſſemble, in order to concert ſuch Meaſures as are further neceſſary for a vigorous and early Campaign. Yeſterday Count Zinzendorf and Baron Heems, the Imperial Miniſters, the Lord Townſhend, her Britannick Majeſty's Plenipotentiary, Count Maffei, the Marquis de la Borgue, and the Marquis de Mellarede, Miniſters from the Duke of Savoy, had a long Conference with the Deputies of the States-General, and we hear that they have renewed the Treaty with Baron Bothmar, the Miniſter of the Elector of Hanover, concerning the Troops belonging to his Electoral Highneſs, that are in the Service of the Queen of Great Britain and the States-General. Monſieur Matueof, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador, and Baron Gerſdorf, Envoy from King Auguſtus to this Republick, have delivered Memorials to the States-General concerning the preſent Poſture of the Affairs of their reſpective Maſters. We are adviſed from Flanders, that the Enemy are continually employed in caſting up Intrenchments, and adding new Fortifications to their Frontier Towns, that the Pioneers who were at work on the new Lines near Maubeuge, are ſent to Marpain, Bouſſiere, Thuin, and other Towns ſituated along the Sambre, where they are to build Redoubts for the Defence of that Frontier; and that ſeveral Regiments of the Troops quartered in France were in Motion towards the Low-Countries, in order to make room for thoſe that are expected from Spain. Theſe Advices add, that the French Court had ſent an Ordinance to all the Intendants of the Frontiers, to put in Execution the Confiſcation of all the Goods and Revenues that any of the Allies have in France, and of all thoſe who reſide in any Places under the Juriſdiction of the French King; which Ordinance is to be printed, and diſperſed to every Town and Village in their reſpective Governments, with particular Inſtructions to all the Magiſtrates and Officers of the Civil Liſt, to take an exact Account of all ſuch Goods and Revenues, and to return the ſame to the Intendants within 15 Days, under the Penalty of paying 500 Florins in caſe of Diſobedience. We are alſo adviſed, that the Inhabitants of Doway had taken up Arms againſt the Magiſtrates, becauſe they would have obliged them to raiſe 400 Florins for each Battalion in the Garriſon of that Place. Advices from Namur ſay, that Preparations were making in that City for the Reception of the Duke of Bavaria, whoſe Arrival was expected from Valenciennes on the 15th or 16th Inſtant; that a great many Miners and others belonging to the Artillery, in the Service of the Duke of Anjou, had Orders to march into Spain, where they are to ſerve the enſuing Campaign; with a Promiſe that all their Arrears ſhall be forthwith paid them, the Expences of their March diſcharged, and that ſeveral Months Pay ſhall be advanced to them as a further Gratuity; and that the Marquis de Leede, and the Baron de Capres, both Lieutenants-General, had alſo been commanded by the Duke of Anjou to repair immediately into Spain. Letters from Bruſſels ſay, that Orders had been ſent to ſeveral Magiſtrates of the Neighbouring Towns and Villages, to give in an exact Account of all the Horſes that are to be found within the Juriſdiction of that City. Theſe Letters add, that the Allies were filling the Magazines of the Frontier Towns with Stores of Proviſion and Ammunition, that their Troops might be enabled to take the Field very early this enſuing Spring. Advices from France import, that the French King returned on the 21ſt of the laſt Month from Marli to Verſailles, the next Day his Majeſty viſited the Marſhal Villars, and continued in Conference with him two Hours. On the 27th a general Council of War was held in the King's Privy Chamber, at which all the Princes of the Blood, all the Marſhals and Generals aſſiſted. Theſe Advices add, that Marſhal Boufflers had Orders to ſet out for Valenciennes about the middle of January, from whence he is to proceed to viſit all the Poſts on the Frontiers, and tranſmit an Account of their Condition to the King. We are further adviſed, that the Duke of Bavaria is appointed to Command in Chief the enſuing Campaign in Flanders, and that the Duke of Vendoſme and Marſhal Boufflers are to ſerve under him; that the Duke of Berwick and Marſhal d'Harcourt are to Command on the Upper Rhine; and that the King had given Orders to all the Officers to have their Troops compleat before the 8th of the next Month. Letters from Spain adviſe, that the Duke of Anjou, finding it impoſſible to ſettle the neceſſary Funds for the regular Payment of his Troops, had publiſhed an Order that for the preſent Subſiſtence of thoſe in Arragon, they were to receive part of their Pay in Proviſions from the Neighbouring Towns; and all Parts of Arragon are to be affected with this Order, in proportion to their Riches and

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